Patellar Tendon Repair

Rehab Protocol Aaron Vandenbos, MD



PHASE 1: Generally 0-6 Weeks Post-Op		
GOALS:	1) Protect surgical repair	
	2) Minimize pain and swelling	
	3) Activation of the quad muscle	
	4) ROM: 0°- 90°	
PRECAUTIONS:	- ROM	
	• Weeks 1-2: 0°- 30°	
	 Week 3: NWB, knee ROM 0°- 60°; progress by 10° each week 	
	- Follow WB restrictions at discretion of Ortho	
BRACE:	- Wear brace locked in extension for ambulation	
	- May unlock or remove for rehab	
WOUND:	- Post-op dressing remains intact until post-op day #3 (~72 hours after	
	surgery)	
	- Shower after post-op day #4 (no need to cover incision site)	
	- DO NOT SUBMERGE knee in water until authorized to do so by Ortho	
	- Suture removal @ 10-14 days post-op per Ortho	
CRYOTHERAPY:	- Cold with compression/elevation (ice with compression wrap)	
REHABILITATION:	- Begin scar massage after incision has healed and scar is formed	
	- Begin patellar mobilizations	
~ Weeks 1-2	- Quad, glute and HS isometrics (submaximal contraction intensity); use e-	
	stim if needed	
	- Multi-directional open chain hip muscle endurance exercises	
	- Calf pumps with theraband	
	- Heel slides (assisted as needed)	
	- Supine passive extension to 0°	
" Weeks 3-6	- Continue exercises from weeks 1-2 as appropriate	
	- Gradually increase knee flexion to goal of 90 degrees by Week 6	
	- Multi-directional open chain hip muscle endurance exercises with	
	increased resistance	
	- Progressive PF strengthening	
	- Short arc quads	
	- General LE stretching	
	- Stationary bike within limits of ROM	
	- Beginner level pool exercises when incisions are fully healed; primarily in	
	the sagittal plane (i.e. no breaststroke or whip kick motion)	
FOLLOW-UP:	- Supervised rehab: 2-3x per week	
	- PT re-eval: every 1-2 weeks	
	- Ortho re-eval: ~2 and ~6 weeks	

PHASE 2: Generally 7-12 Weeks Post-Op	
GOALS:	1) Normal gait and stair ambulation
	2) > 80% quad and HS strength relative to uninvolved limb

	3) Full ROM
PRECAUTIONS:	- Avoid tendon overload (i.e. squatting, deep knee bends, and lunges)
	- Be careful walking up/down steps or inclined surfaces
	- NO RUNNING
	- NO PARTICIPATION in contact/collision sports or military schools
BRACE:	- D/C brace & crutches when gait is normal and 120° knee flexion is
	achieved
REHABILITATION:	- Continue Phase 1 exercises as needed
	- Progress to the following exercises and increase intensity gradually when
	patient is ready (i.e. no increase in knee pain or effusion since the
	previous exercise session)
~ Weeks 7-8	- Stationary bicycle or elliptical for conditioning
	- General LE strengthening with very gradual increase on loading of knee
	extension exercises (i.e. squats, lunges, and leg press)
	- Gait training as needed (i.e. cone walking, marching, retrowalking, and
	cariocas)
	- Forward, lateral, and retro step-ups (start with 2" step and progress as
	tolerated)
	- Continue beginner level pool exercises (i.e. no breaststroke or whip kick
	motion)
~ Weeks 9-10	- Continue progressing exercises from Weeks 7-8 as appropriate
	- DL balance and proprioceptive exercises; progress to SL
	- General LE stretching
	- Elliptical: add gradually with stationary bike for conditioning
	- Progressive LE strengthening (i.e. calf press, leg press, squats 0°- 45°, HS
	curls, and hip abductors/adductors)
	- Progressive pool program as tolerated
* Weeks 11-12	- Continue progressing exercises from Weeks 9-10 as appropriate
	- Progress ROM of squats, leg press, etc. while being mindful of ROM
	restrictions and pain
FOLLOW-UP:	- Supervised rehab: 2-3x per week
	- PT re-eval: every 2-3 weeks
	- Ortho re-eval: ~12 weeks post-op

PHASE 3: Generally 3-6 Months Post-Op	
GOALS:	1) Full ROM
	2) Jog at own pace and distance without pain
	3) > 90% quad and HS strength return
	4) > 90% of uninvolved limb on hop test battery (i.e. hop for distance,
	triple hop, crossover hop, and 6-meter timed hop)
	5) Meet occupational requirements at 6-8 months
PRECAUTIONS:	- Minimal to no pain at the repair site
REHABILITATION:	- Continue Phase 2 exercises as needed
	- Progress to the following exercises and increase intensity gradually when
	patient is ready (i.e. no increase in knee pain or effusion since the previous
	exercise session)
	- Build up resistance and repetitions gradually
" Weeks 13-16	- Swimming
	- Step-up progression
	- Gradual quad stretching
	- Progressive SL balance and proprioceptive training as needed
	- Progressive LE strengthening (i.e. calf press, leg press, squats 0°- 60°, HS

	curls, and hip abductors/adductors)
" Weeks 16-20	- Progressive strengthening of quads while monitoring symptoms closely
	- Step-down progression
	- Initiate walk to jog progression
" Weeks 20-26	- Progressive speed/agility training beginning at 25-50% intensity and
	progress gradually (i.e. jumping, hopping, directional jogging, cariocas,
	and shuffles)
	- Jump training initiated after 24 weeks
FOLLOW-UP:	- Supervised rehab: 1-2x per week
	- PT re-eval: monthly
	- Ortho re-eval: ~6 months post-op
MISCELLANEOUS:	- After 6 months post-op, Phase 3 exercises are continued and gradually
	increased in intensity and duration as tolerated
	- Progress activities for return to sport/collision sports or aggressive
	military training based on the patient's functional performance and
	endurance. This time period will be directed by the Ortho Surgeon and the
	Physical Therapist. This may require between 9-12 months before cleared
	without restrictions.

These guidelines were created as a framework for the post-operative rehabilitation program. They DO NOT substitute for any specific restrictions or requirements that are determined through the necessary shared decision-making and collaboration between the operating surgeon and treating rehabilitation team.